

# HUCAMA Ability Factors

**Alex Master** 

# Your cognitive abilities

Here is your Ability report. This report offers an impression of how quickly and easily you solve cognitive problems.

# Your g factor score

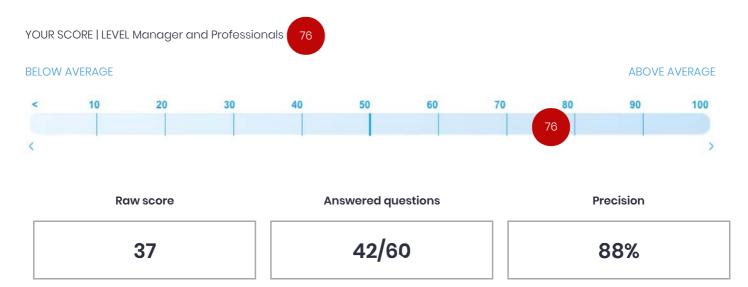
You have a score of 76. This means that 75% of those in the norm group have a lower score and 24% have a higher score than you do.

# Norm group

Your result is compared to the scores of others: the norm group. The norm group is composed of people with a certain level of education. After "Your Score" you will see which level of education your score has been compared with. The norm group is chosen with consideration for the function or question for which you have completed the test(s).

## **Definition of the scores**

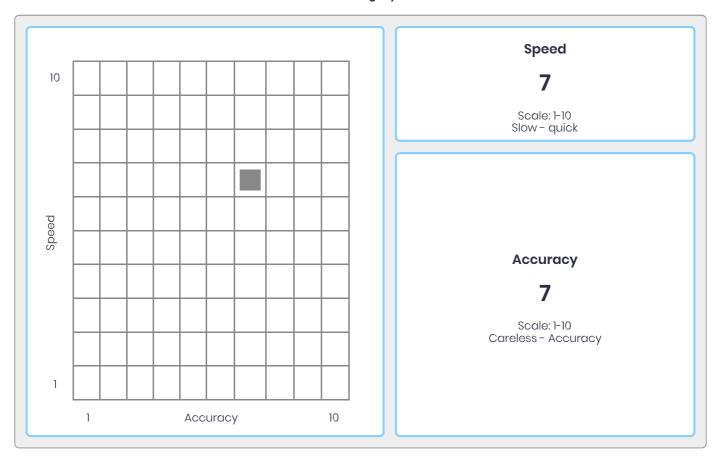
Your score can vary from left (below average) to right (above average). Your score is expressed as a so-called percentile (0/00)-score. A 0/00-score of 50 reflects the average of the norm group. A score that strongly deviates from the average is proportionately less common. For more information on the contents of this report and the next steps, consult the contact person at the organization that requested your completion of the test(s).



## **Processing Style**

The processing style is defined by the two dimensions speed (quick vs. slow) and accuracy (accurate vs. careless). The raw score of the dimension speed results from the number of items attempted. The raw score of accuracy results from the number of items completed correctly compared to the number of items attempted. The raw scores of speed and accuracy are indicated as %. The speed/accuracy indicates how fast and accurate a person works under pressure. The higher the scores are on these two dimensions, the faster and more accurate will the processing style of the participant emerge when related to the comparison group. The chart shows the participant's scores. The scale "accurate - careless" is the horizontal orientation in the chart and the scale "quick - slow" is the vertical orientation in the chart. The participant's score on the two dimensions is indicated by a colored dot.

#### **Processing Style**



# Your score for each test component

Your G factor score is composed of the following test components.

## The G factor

The bar containing the G factor indicates your general problem solving skills ("G" stands for "general ability"). The smaller bars under the G factor reflect the various test components. Together, your scores on these components determine the overall G factor.

- Diagrammatic Matrices: Ability to infer relationships between objects.
- Number Series: Ability to infer relationships between numbers.
- Spatial Reasoning: Ability to mentally rotate 3-dimensional shapes.



## Your results

Employee: alex.master@hotmail.com

Report number: ZOAL-7439-570488a2963fcff14372843f867fbe67

Instrument: Ability

Test date: **2021-11-03 18:07:25** 

### Disclaimer

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